# STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY

SEAC-III-2014/C.R.26/TC-3 Environment department, Room No. 217, 2nd floor, Mantralava Annexe. Mumbai- 400 032. Date: 3 December, 2016.

To. M/s. Namoh Builders & Developers. Kohinoor Arcade, 1st Floor, Office No. 124/125/126, Tilak Chowk, Near Nigdi Bus Stop, Nigdi, Pune- 411 044.

ECSEIAA-Item No-29, Meeting No-103<sup>rd</sup>
Environment clearance for proposed project "Shine City" at S.No.1195,1196& 1197,

Chikhli, Distt.Pune by M/s. Namoh Builders & Developers.

Sir,

This has reference to your communication on the above mentioned subject. The proposal was considered as per the EIA Notification - 2006, by the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee-III, Maharashtra in its 45th meetings and recommend the project for prior environmental clearance to SEIAA. Information submitted by you has been considered by State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority in its 103rd meeting.

It is noted that the proposal is considered by SEAC-III under screening category 8(a) B2 as per EIA Notification 2006.

### Brief Information of the project submitted by you is as below-

1.	Name of Project	"Shine City " M/s Namoh Builders & Developers	
	Project Proponent		
		Nilesh Madhukar Newale	
	Nome contest Nombon Conditions	Dr. Prashant Banne/Mr. Sundar Jagadale	
2.	Name, contact Number & address of Consultant	M/s. Saitech Research & Development	
	of Consultant	Organization	
3.	Accreditation of consultant	Sr. No. 129 in List 'A' of O.M. of MoEF,	
	(NABET Accreditation)	Gol,New Delhi Dated 05/12/2014	
	Type of project: Housing		
4.	project / Industrial Estate /	Residential & Commercial	
••	SRA scheme / MHADA /		
	Township or others		
5.	Location of the Project	Gat. No. 1195, 1196, 1197, Chikhali, Pune.	
6.	Whether in Corporation	Pimpri- Chinchwad Municipal Corporation	
···	/Municipal/other area	•	
7.	Applicability of the DCR	Not Applicable	
8.	IOD/IOA/Concession document	Received	
0,	Or any other form of document as	Received	

	applicable ( Clarifying its	T					
	conformity with local planning						
	,						
	rules & provision)  Note on the initiated work						
9.	1 "		17760.24 m <sup>2</sup>				
	(If applicable)						
10.	LOI / NOC from MHADA	Not A	pplicable				
	/ Other approvals (If applicable)			7 00 2			
11	Total plot area (Sq. m.)		Area – 2984				
11.	Deductions		ctions — 10:	_	ı		
	Net plot area	Net P	lot Area -	19310.58 m <sup>2</sup>	•		
12.	Permissible FSI (including	34762	2.66 m <sup>2</sup>				
	TDR etc.)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
	Proposed Built –UP Area			34761.57 m			
13.	(FSI & Non FSI)	Non FSI area (m <sup>2</sup> ): 33144.31 m <sup>2</sup>					
		Total	Built up a	rea (m²) : 67	905.88 n	<u>1<sup>2</sup> </u>	
	Ground – coverage percentage	4532	62 m <sup>2</sup>				
14.	(%)			l plot area (2	9847 82	m² )	
^ '''	(Note: percentage of plot not		15.18 % of Total plot area (29847.82 m <sup>2</sup> ) 23.47 % of Net Plot Area (19310.58 m <sup>2</sup> )				
	open to sky)				J10.J0 II	· ,	
15.	Estimated cost of the project	Rs. 13	20 Cr.				
			Building	Configura	Tene	Max.	
			No.	tion	ments	Heights	
						~	
					No.	in Mtrs.	
		ļ		:	ļ		
			A	GP + St.			
			Commer	+2 floors		1	
						[	
			cial				
		1					
	S. 0. II.	1	В	GP + 8		23.20	
	No. of building & its			floors			
16.	configuration (s)		С	GP + 8	1	23.20	
				floors			
			D	GP + PP		36.00	
:				+12			
				floors	1		
			E	GP + 11	1	32.40	
-				floors	704		
			F	GP + PP	1	35.25	
			_	+12	,	55,25	
		[		floors			
			G	GP + PP	1	35.25	
				+12			
				floors			
			Н	GP + PP	†	35.25	
			**	+12			
				floors			
L		J	J	110019	1	<u> </u>	

		I CON . NO.				
		I GP + PP 35.25				
		+12				
		J GP + PP 35.25				
		J GP + PP 35.25				
		floors				
		110015				
		For Commercial				
		Wing A-GP + stilt+ 2, Area = $2789.21 \text{ m}^2$				
17.	N	Total Tenements – 704 Nos.				
17.	Number of tenants and shops	Commercial Area = 2789.21m <sup>2</sup>				
18.	Number of expected	Residential Users: 3520Nos.				
	residents / users	Commercial Users: 465 Nos.				
19.	Tenant density per hector	236				
20.	Height of the building(s)	42 m				
	Right of way (width of the road					
21.	from the nearest fire station to the	18 m				
ļ	proposed building(s)					
	Turning radius for easy access of					
22.	fire tender movement from all	9 m				
	around the building excluding the	e   ´ ***				
23.	width for the plantation	NT_4 A 1! - 7 f				
23.	Existing structures(s)	Not Applicable				
24.	Details of the demolition with disposal (If applicable)	Not Applicable				
25.	Total Water Requirement	Residential and Commercial: Dry season: Source: Pimpri Chinchwad Municipal Corporation Water requirement:501.35 m³/day Recycled Water (Flushing):170.15 m³/day Recycled Water (Gardening):12.88 m³/day HVAC Makeup: NA Total Fresh water Requirement:331.2 m³/day Excess treated water:268.18 m³/day Gym & Society office: 5m³/day Swimming Pool: NA Firefighting (Cum): 400 m³ Wet Season Water requirement:488.47 m³/day Recycled water (Flushing): 170.15m³/day Recycled water (Gardening):NA HVAC Makeup: NA Total Fresh Water Requirement: 331.2 m³/day Excess treated water:281.06m³/day				
		• Gym & Society office: 5m³/day				
		Swimming Pool: NA				

•		• Firefighting (Cum): 400 m <sup>3</sup>
26.	Details about Swimming Pool:	Dimension of Swimming Pool: NA
		Total water Requirement in KLD: NA
		Water requirement in KLD: NA
		Details of Plant & Machinery used for treatment
		of Swimming pool water: NA
		Details of quality to be achieved for swimming
		pool water and parameters to be monitored: NA
27.	Rain Water Harvesting (RWH)	• Level of the Ground water table:
		Summer Season – 35.00 m. to 41.62 m. BGL.
		(i.e. Around 38.31 m. BGL)
		Rainy Season – 9.00 m. to 12.00 m. BGL.
		(i.e. Around 10.50 m. BGL)
		Winter Season – 22.00 m. to 26.81 m. BGL.
		(i.e. Around 24.41 m. BGL)
		• Size and no of RWH tank(s) and Quantity: NA
		Capacity of RWH tanks: NA
		• Location of the RWH tank(s): NA
		• No. of recharge pits: 8 Nos.
		• Size: 2.0 m. X 2.0 m. X 2.00 m. Depth with de-
		siltation pit of 0.9 X 0.6 X 1.0 m. Deep and 60
		m. Deep 6" Dia. Bore Wells.
		Harvesting Capacity:
		76,800.00 Lit/Day i.e. 76.80 m3 per day.
		Commercial:
		No. of RWH Tanks: NA
		<ul> <li>Capacity of RWH tanks: NA</li> </ul>
		• Location of the RWH tank(s): NA
		No. of recharge pits: NA
		Budgetary allocation ( Capital cost and O & M
		cost):
		Capital cost: Rs 16.00 Lakh
		O & M Cost: Rs. 1.0 Lakh/year
28.	UGT tanks	Residential:
		Total UG tank capacity: 490 m <sup>3</sup>
		Flushing UG tank Capacity :185 m <sup>3</sup>
		Fire UG tank Capacity :400 m <sup>3</sup>
29.	Storm water drainage	Natural water drainage pattern -
		Quantity of storm water - Volume -
		10,662.2488 m <sup>3</sup> /year
		• Size of SWD - Size of Recharge pits 0.75 x
		01.5 x 1.5 m
30.	Sewage and Waste water	Residential:
50.	Total man man man	Sewage generation (CMD):451.21 CMD
		• Capacity of STP (CMD): 250 CMD,
		250CMD & 20 CMD
		ZUCIVID & ZU CIVID

		STP Technology: MBBR
		Commercial: Included in Residential
		<ul> <li>Capacity of STP(CMD):</li> </ul>
		STP technology:
		• Location of STP:
		• DG sets (during emergency) -
		Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O & M
		cost) –
	]	Capital cost: Rs 100 Lakh O & M Cost: Rs 25 Lakh/year
31.	Solid Waste Management	
	Sond waste management	Waste generation in the pre Construction and Construction phase:
		Waste generation - 25 Kg/day
		<ul> <li>Quantity of the top soil to be preserved – Use</li> <li>For Landscaping</li> </ul>
		Disposal of the construction waste debris -
		Use for Leveling.
:		Waste generation in the operation phase
		(Residential & Commercial) :1877.5 kg/day
		Dry waste (Kg/day: 774.5 kg/day
		Wet waste (Kg/day): 1103.0 kg/day
		• E – waste (Kg/month): Not Applicable
		<ul> <li>Hazardous waste: Spent oil – 4 ltrs/year</li> </ul>
		Biomedical waste (If applicable):Not
		Applicable
		• STP Sludge (Kg/day): 46.60 Kg/Day ( 100%
		Dry)
		Mode Of Disposal of Waste:
		• Dry waste (Kg/day): SWACH
		Wet waste (Kg/day): Organic waste converter
		• E – waste (Kg/month): Not Applicable
		Hazardous waste (Kg/month): Authorized
		Reprocessor
		Biomedical waste (Kg/month) (If applicable):
		Not Applicable
		STP Sludge (Dry sludge) (Kg/day): Used as
į		Manure after treatment in OWC
l		Area requirement:
		1. Location(s):
		2. Total area provided for the storage &
		Treatment of the solid waste: 90 m <sup>2</sup>
		Budgetary allocation( capital Cost & O&M cost)
		Capital cost: Rs 24.00 Lakh
		O & M Cost: Rs 6.82 Lakh / Year

#### Green Belt Development 32.

Total RG area:2158.12m<sup>2</sup>i.e. about 11.17% of net plot area (19310.58 m<sup>2</sup>) 1.RG area other than green belt (please specify for playground, etc):

2.RG area under green belt:

- RG on the ground (sq.m.):2158.12 m<sup>2</sup>
- RG on the podium (sq.m.): NA

Sr	Botanical	Comm	Propose	Features
No	Name	on	a	
	1.6	Name	Quantity	
1	Mimusops	Bakui	22	-Fragrant Flowers or
	elengi	,		Leaves, Attracts Birds/Bees,
				Evergreen Tree/Creates Shade
2	Cassia	Bahava	16	-Auspicious, Attracts
:	fistula			Birds/Bees/Butterflies
				Hanging or Weeping growth
3	Neolamarcki	Kadam	15	-Fragrant Flowers or
	a cadamba	ь		Leaves, Attracts Butterflies/Bees,
				Quick Growing/Creates Shade
4	Millingtonia	Buch	14	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves, Plant
	hortensis			for Pooja
				-Evergreen Tree
- 5	Lagerstromi	Taman	22	-Creates Shade, Attracts
	a speciosa	1 44411		Birds/Butterflies/Bees, Good for
	a speciesa			Screening
6	Nyctanthes	Parijata	09	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves,
J	arbortristis	r arijata k	0,5	Attracts Birds/Butterflies/Bees,
	arour ir istis	I K		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7	3 12 - 12 - 12 -	Pivala	18	Evergreen Tree
/	Michelia	;	18	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves
	champaka	Chafa		-Attracts Birds/Butterflies/Bees
	73 7 1 1	75.1.	~ ==	-Evergreen Tree
8	Bauhinia	Rakt	27	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves
	purpurea	Kancha		-Plant for Pooja
		n		-Evergreen Tree
9	Caryota	Fish	15	-Fragrant Flowers or leaves
	urens	Tail		-Attracts birds/Butterflies/Bees
		Palm		-Evergreen Tree
1	Plumeria	Chafa	27	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves
	alba			-Attracts Birds/Butterflies/Bees
				-Quick growing/For Pooja
1	Azadiracta	Neem	14	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves
	indica			-Plant for Pooja/Evergreen
				-Quick Growing/Insect Repellent
1	Saraca	Sita	25	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves
	asoca	Ashoka		-Attracts Birds/Butterflies/Bees
				-Deep-Green, Shiny Foliage
1	Mangifera	Mango	18	-Fruit Plant
*	indica	1.141160	''	-Fragrant Flowers or Leaves
				-Attracts Birds/Butterflies/Bees
	Total No of P	ronocad	242	-Attacks Dires/Detes
			. //	

r	<b>T</b>						
	-						
	• Number & list of trees species to be planted in the ground RG: 242 Nos.						
	I	Number & list of shrubs & bushes shrubs & bushes species to be planted in the					
	podium F						
	1 -	& list trees species to be planted around the border of nallah/					
		ond(If any); NA					
	_	, Size, Age and Species of trees to be cut, trees to be transplanted -NA					
		the tree cutting/ transplantation/ Compensatory plantation, if any -NA					
		etary allocation ( capital Cost& O& M Cost) -					
		il cost: Rs 31.00 Lakh					
		A Cost: Rs 2.00 Lakh / Year					
33.	Energy	Power Supply:					
		Connected Load: 3228 KW (3586.66 KVA Say 3587					
		KVA)					
		> Maximum demand := Connected Load X U.F / P.F					
		3228 X 0.8 / 0.9 = 2869.33 KVA Say 2869 KVA					
		No Of Transformer: 22KV/630 KVA – 6 No's					
		> Total DG Power Consumption For Residential And					
		Commercial Building Common Load (Lifts, Parking,					
		Staircase, Terrace, ect.) & Common Amenity (Club House,					
		OWC, STP, WTP, etc.) is = 361 KVA					
		So, Required DG Set 160 KVA – 1 No., 125 KVA -1 No & 82.5 KVA -1 No Shall Be Provided In Case Of Power Failure					
		Only					
		Energy saving measures					
		Solar Water Heating Systems Will Be Done For Bathrooms.					
		<ul> <li>Solar lights will be provided for common amenities like Street lighting &amp; Garden lighting.</li> </ul>					
		CFL & LED based lighting will be done in the common areas,					
		landscape areas, signage's, Entry gates and boundary compound					
		walls etc.					
		Auto Timer Switches will be provided for Street lights, Garden					
		lights, Parking & staircase Lights & Other Common Area Lights,					
		for saving electrical energy.					
		Water Level Controllers With Timers will be Used for Water					
		Pumps.					
		To create awareness to end consumer or flat owner, for using energy					
		efficient light fittings like CFL, T5 Lamps & LED Lights.					
		Detail calculations & % of saving: 2 to 5 %					
		1) LED Lamp & Fitting For KWH					
		Common Areas i.e. Bldg.   69.06   25210.25					
		Parking, Staircase, Passage					

& Terrace Floor.			
2.1) Bollard Lighter - Light Fitting For Landscape Area.	1.6	584	KWH
2.2) Recesses Wall Light Light Fitting For Landscape Area.	0.76	275.94	KWH
2.3) Planter Of Lighter - Light Fitting For Landscape Area.	0.79	289.08	KWH
3.1) Solar Street Light Fitting - Pole Light On Road Side.	5.4	1971	KWH
3.2) Street Light on the Bldg.	9.6	3504	KWH
4) Energy Saving by Solar Hot Water System.	2640	792000	KWH
TOTAL Annual Savings in KWH	-	823 <b>8</b> 34.2 7	KWH
TOTAL Savings Per day in KWH ( 69.06 + 1.6 + 0.76 + 0.79 + 5.4 + 9.6 + 2640 = 2727.21 KWH)	2727.21	-	KWH
Design Demand Per Day In KWH.  (i.e. MSEDCL Connected Load 3228 KW x 24 Hrs = 77472 KWH)	77472	-	KWH
Demand Per day In KWH, if above saving measures were not proposed.(I.E. 2727.21+77472=80199 KWH)	80199.2 1	-	KWH
Percentage Savings Per Day (2727.21/80199.21) x 100 = 3.40%	3.40%	aq	%

Yes, then submit compliance in tabular form):

5	Sr	Sectio		
Į.		n	Requitement	Remark.

т-				
	N			
	0.	No		
	1 0	6.2.1	Solar water heating for minimum 20% design	Complies & Sheet Enclosed.
	1 1 1 2	6.2.2	capacity Equipment efficiency standards Lighting controls to be controlled by	Complies & Sheet Enclosed. Complies
	1 4	7.2.1. 4	photo sensor or time switch Exterior lighting to be controlled by photo sensor or	Complies
	1 5	7.3	time switch Interior lighting power to be with in specified limits	Complies
	1 6	7.4	Exterior lighting power to be with in specified	Complies
	1 7	8.2.1. 1	limits Maximum allowable power loss from transforme r	Complies
	1 9	8.2.3	Power factor be maintained between 0.95 and unity	Complies
	2 0 2 1	8.2.4 8.2.5	Check metering Poweer distribution system losses to	Complies Complies
			be maintained less than 1%	

Budgetary allocation (Capital cost and O&M cost)

Capital Cost: Rs 86.20 Lacks O & M Cost: Rs 1.80 Lakh/ year

Number and capacity of the DG sets to be used:

Number and capacity of the DG sets to be used:
 1 No Of D.G. Set Used & of Following Capacity

- 1) 1 No of 160 KVA D.G. Set
- 2) 1 No of 125 KVA D.G. Set
- 3) 1 No of 82.5 KVA DG Set

Set Capacity shall be provided in case of power failure only.

		<ul><li>Stack Heigh DG Set )</li><li>Electricity R</li></ul>	nel Used :-HSD t :- 5.86 Meter For ( 160 KVA Requirement From MSEDCL of ing Through The Plot If Any:	- 3255 KVA
34.	Environme ntal Manageme nt Plant Budgetary Allocation:	Capital Cost — STP — R RWH — MSW — Solar system Landsca Safety E Operation Phase Capital Cost - I O & M cost ( Please of the cost of the c	ease ensure manpower and office. 25.00 Lakh / Year Rs. 1.00 Lakh / Year Rs. 6.82 Lakh/Year stem — Rs.1.80 Lakh/Year upe — Rs. 2.00 Lakh / Year quipments:Rs.2.0 Lakh/year Monitoring:Rs.2.5 Lakh/year ste management: Rs. 4.22 Lak heration of Corpus Fund and Crecovered for individual flat	h/year Commitment - Certain owners at the time of sale
35.		9847.82 m <sup>2</sup>	Statement: ain road & design of confluer	ace
	Sr.No  1 2 3 4 Total area pr No. of car pa Type of park Area per car	Type  4 wheelers  2 wheelers  Cycles  Public transport ovided for parking provided ing: Podium / co	ng – 20012.04 m <sup>2</sup> 420 Nos. vered vay provided for car parking:	Provided Parking  420  1612  1476  -  47.64 m <sup>2</sup>
36.	CRZ/RRZ cl if any	earance obtain,	No	

37.	Distance from Protected	NA
	Areas / Critically Polluted	
	areas / Eco – sensitive areas	
	/ inter - State boundaries	

3. The proposal has been considered by SEIAA in its 103<sup>rd</sup> meeting & decided to accord environmental clearance to the said project under the provisions of Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 subject to implementation of the following terms and conditions:

## General Conditions for Pre-construction phase: -

- (i) This environment clearance is issued for the total built up area of 67605.88 Sq.m as approved by Local Planning Authority.
- This environmental clearance is issued subject to land use verification. Local (ii) authority / planning authority should ensure this with respect to Rules, Regulations, Notifications. Government Resolutions. Circulars, issued etc. Judgments/orders issued by Hon'ble High Court, Hon'ble NGT, Hon'ble Supreme Court regarding DCR provisions, environmental issues applicable in this matter should be verified. PP should submit exactly the same plans appraised by concern SEAC and SEIAA. If any discrepancy found in the plans submitted or details provided in the above para may be reported to environment department. This environmental clearance issued with respect to the environmental consideration and it does not mean that State Level Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) approved the proposed land use.
- (iii) E-waste shall be disposed through Authorized vendor as per E-waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2016.
- (iv) All staircases to open outside the building to facilitate speedy evacuation during emergency
- (v) The Occupancy Certificate shall be issued by the Local Planning Authority to the project only after ensuring sustained availability of drinking water, connectivity of sewer line to the project site and proper disposal of treated water as per environmental norms.
- (vi) This environmental clearance is issued subject to obtaining NOC from Forestry & Wild life angle including clearance from the standing committee of the National Board for Wild life as if applicable & this environment clearance does not necessarily implies that Forestry & Wild life clearance granted to the project which will be considered separately on merit.
- (vii) PP has to abide by the conditions stipulated by SEAC & SEIAA.
- (viii) The height, Construction built up area of proposed construction shall be in accordance with the existing FSI/FAR norms of the urban local body & it should ensure the same along with survey number before approving layout plan & before according commencement certificate to proposed work. Plan approving authority should also ensure the zoning permissibility for the proposed project as per the approved development plan of the area.
- (ix) "Consent for Establishment" shall be obtained from Maharashtra Pollution Control Board under Air and Water Act and a copy shall be submitted to the Environment department before start of any construction work at the site.

(x) All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting construction activities and to be maintained throughout the construction phase.

#### General Conditions for Construction Phase-

- (i) Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche and First Aid Room etc.
- (ii) Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction workers at the site. Provision should be made for mobile toilets. The safe disposal of wastewater and solid wastes generated during the construction phase should be ensured.
- (iii) The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material.
- (iv) Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- (v) Arrangement shall be made that waste water and storm water do not get mixed.
- (vi) All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture / landscape development within the project site.
- (vii) Additional soil for leveling of the proposed site shall be generated within the sites (to the extent possible) so that natural drainage system of the area is protected and improved.
- (viii) Green Belt Development shall be carried out considering CPCB guidelines including selection of plant species and in consultation with the local DFO/Agriculture Dept.
- (ix) Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.
- (x) Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses and the dumpsites for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.
- (xi) Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase should be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board.
- (xii) The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase should be low sulphur diesel type and should conform to Environments (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise emission standards.

- (xiii) The diesel required for operating DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from concern authority shall be taken.
- (xiv) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
- (xv) Ambient noise levels should conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/MPCB.
- (xvi) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash Notification of September 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003. (The above condition is applicable only if the project site is located within the 100Km of Thermal Power Stations).
- (xvii) Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- (xviii) The approval of competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings due to any possible earthquake, adequacy of firefighting equipment's etc. as per National Building Code including measures from lighting.
- (xix) Storm water control and its re-use as per CGWB and BIS standards for various applications.
- (xx) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- (xxi) The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation with Ground Water Authority.
- (xxii) The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) should be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to the MPCB and Environment department before the project is commissioned for operation. Discharge of this unused treated affluent, if any should be discharge in the sewer line. Treated effluent emanating from STP shall be recycled/refused to the maximum extent possible. Discharge of this unused treated affluent, if any should be discharge in the sewer line. Treatment of 100% gray water by decentralized treatment should be done. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- (xxiii) Permission to draw ground water and construction of basement if any shall be obtained from the competent Authority prior to construction/operation of the project.
- (xxiv) Separation of gray and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing line for separation of gray and black water.

- (xxv) Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.
- (xxvi) Use of glass may be reduced up to 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load on air conditioning. If necessary, use high quality double glass with special reflective coating in windows.
- (xxvii) Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.
- (xxviii)Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs /TFLs for the lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Use CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible like installing solar street lights, common solar water heaters system. Project proponent should install, after checking feasibility, solar plus hybrid non-conventional energy source as source of energy.
- (xxix) Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with Maharashtra Pollution Control Board.
- (xxx) Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During nighttime the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
- (xxxi) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.
- (xxxii) Opaque wall should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code, which is proposed to be mandatory for all air-conditioned spaces while it is aspiration for non-air-conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.
- (xxxiii) The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.
- (xxxiv)Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring should be in place all through the construction phase, so as to avoid disturbance to the surroundings.
- (xxxv) Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the project proponent if it was found that construction of the project has been started without obtaining environmental clearance.

(xxxvi)Six monthly monitoring reports should be submitted to the Regional office MoEF, Bhopal with copy to this department and MPCB.

#### General Conditions for Post-construction/operation phase-

- (i) Project proponent shall ensure completion of STP, MSW disposal facility, green belt development prior to occupation of the buildings. As agreed during the SEIAA meeting, PP to explore possibility of utilizing excess treated water in the adjacent area for gardening before discharging it into sewer line No physical occupation or allotment will be given unless all above said environmental infrastructure is installed and made functional including water requirement in Para 2. Prior certification from appropriate authority shall be obtained.
- (ii) Wet garbage should be treated by Organic Waste Converter and treated waste (manure) should be utilized in the existing premises for gardening. And, no wet garbage will be disposed outside the premises. Local authority should ensure this.
- (iii) Local body should ensure that no occupation certification is issued prior to operation of STP/MSW site etc. with due permission of MPCB.
- (iv) A complete set of all the documents submitted to Department should be forwarded to the Local authority and MPCB.
- (v) In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Department.
- (vi) A separate environment management cell with qualified staff shall be set up for implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards.
- (vii) Separate funds shall be allocated for implementation of environmental protection measures/EMP along with item-wise breaks-up. These cost shall be included as part of the project cost. The funds earmarked for the environment protection measures shall not be diverted for other purposes and year-wise expenditure should reported to the MPCB & this department.
- (viii) The project management shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated in the region around the project, one of which shall be in the Marathi language of the local concerned within seven days of issue of this letter, informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and copies of clearance letter are available with the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board and may also be seen at Website at http://ec.maharashtra.gov.in.
- (ix) Project management should submit half yearly compliance reports in respect of the stipulated prior environment clearance terms and conditions in hard & soft copies to the MPCB & this department, on 1<sup>st</sup> June & 1<sup>st</sup> December of each calendar year.
- (x) A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by proponent to the concerned Municipal Corporation and the local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the Company by the proponent.

- (xi) The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM. SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sector parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.
- (xii) The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB.
- (xiii) The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF by e-mail.
- 4. The environmental clearance is being issued without prejudice to the action initiated under EP Act or any court case pending in the court of law and it does not mean that project proponent has not violated any environmental laws in the past and whatever decision under EP Act or of the Hon'ble court will be binding on the project proponent. Hence this clearance does not give immunity to the project proponent in the case filed against him, if any or action initiated under EP Act.
- 5. In case of submission of false document and non-compliance of stipulated conditions, Authority/ Environment Department will revoke or suspend the Environmental Clearance without any intimation and initiate appropriate legal action under Environmental Protection Act, 1986.
- 6. The Environment department reserves the right to add any stringent condition or to revoke the clearance if conditions stipulated are not implemented to the satisfaction of the department or for that matter, for any other administrative reason.
- 7. Validity of Environment Clearance: The environmental clearance accorded shall be valid for a period of 7 years as per MoEF&CC Notification dated 29<sup>th</sup> April, 2015.
- 8. In case of any deviation or alteration in the project proposed from those submitted to this department for clearance, a fresh reference should be made to the department to assess the adequacy of the condition(s) imposed and to incorporate additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
- 9. The above stipulations would be enforced among others under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and rules there under, Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules, 1989 and its amendments, the public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 and its amendments.

10. Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal (Western Zone Bench, Pune), New Administrative Building, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, D-, Wing, Opposite Council Hall, Pune, if preferred, within 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

(S. M. Gavai) Member Secretary, SEIAA

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## Copy to:

- 1. Shri. Jagdish Joshi, Chairman, IAS (Retd.). SEAC-III, Flat no. 3, Tahiti chs. Juhu Vers Ova Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumbai- 400 053.
- 2. Additional Secretary, MOEF, 'MoEF& CC, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jorbagh Road, Aligani, New Delhi-110003.
- 3. The CCF, Regional Office, Ministry of Environment and Forest (Regional Office, Western Region, Kendriya Paryavaran Bhavan, Link Road No- 3, E-5, Ravi-Shankar Nagar, Bhopal- 462 016). (MP).
- 4. IA- Division, Monitoring Cell, MoEF& CC, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jorbagh Road, Aliganj, New Delhi-110003.
- 5. Managing Director, MSEDCL, MG Road, Fort, Mumbai
- 6. Collector, Pune.
- 7. Commissioner, Pimpri-Chinchwad Municipal Corporation (PCMC)
- 8. Member Secretary, Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, with request to display a copy of the clearance.
- 9. Regional Office, MPCB, Pune.
- 10. Select file (TC-3)

(EC uploaded on

